THE ROYAL YACHTING ASSOCIATION NORTHERN IRELAND ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr J Ogg

Mr J D Williams Mr H Totten Dr P T Kennedy Mr A Corkill Ms S McKnight Ms J Herron

Company number NI051945

Registered office Sketrick House

GE8

Jubilee Road Newtownards Co Down BT23 4YH

Auditor GMcG BELFAST

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Alfred House 19 Alfred Street

Belfast BT2 8EQ

Bankers Danske Bank

Donegall Square West

Belfast BT1 6JS

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Ms J Patton

(Resigned 26 October 2020)

Mr J Ogg

Mr J D Williams

Mr H Totten

Dr P T Kennedy

Mr A Corkill

Ms S McKnight

Ms J Herron

Auditor

The auditor, GMcG BELFAST, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Mr J D Williams

Director

Date: 2719121



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL YACHTING ASSOCIATION NORTHERN IRELAND

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Royal Yachting Association Northern Ireland (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

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GMcG is a trading name of GMcG Group Limited. Reg No: NI059660. List of Directors available at registered office

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL YACHTING ASSOCIATION NORTHERN IRELAND

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take
 advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL YACHTING ASSOCIATION NORTHERN IRELAND

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL YACHTING ASSOCIATION NORTHERN IRELAND

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In identifying and assessing potential risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliances with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- The nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance, including the company's remuneration policies for directors, bonus levels and performance targets, if any:
- Results of our enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- Any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to:
 - Identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instance of non-compliance;
 - Detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; and
 - The internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- The matters discussed among the audit engagement team regarding how and where fraud might occur
 in the financial statements and potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the company for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in income recognition. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the Companies Act 2006, and local tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL YACHTING ASSOCIATION NORTHERN IRELAND

Audit response to risks identified

Our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- · Enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing correspondence with tax authorities; and
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of
 journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting
 estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant
 transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. In addition, as with any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as they may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL YACHTING ASSOCIATION NORTHERN IRELAND

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Nigel Moore FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of GMcG BELFAST

29 September 2021

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Alfred House 19 Alfred Street Belfast BT2 8EQ

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	2021	2020	
	£	£	
Income	287,718	331,788	
Administrative expenses	(278,595)	(340,270)	
Other operating income	-	10,000	
Surplus before taxation	9,123	1,518	
Tax on surplus	-	-	
		-	
Surplus for the financial year	9,123	1,518	

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

		202	11	2020	
	Notes	£	£	3	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		11,876		21,802
Current assets					
Debtors	4	81,932		56,883	
Cash at bank and in hand		74,957		170,022	
		156,889		226,905	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	5	(37,590)		(118,673)	
Net current assets			119,299		108,232
Total assets less current liabilities			131,175		130,034
Creditors: amounts falling due after	_				
more than one year	6				(7,982
Net assets			131,175		122,052
Reserves					
Income and expenditure account			131,175		122,052
Members' funds			131,175		122,052
			====		====

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr J D Williams

Director

Ms S McKnight

Director

Company Registration No. NI051945

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Income and expenditure
Balance at 1 April 2019	120,534
Year ended 31 March 2020: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	1,518
Balance at 31 March 2020	122,052
Year ended 31 March 2021: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	9,123
Balance at 31 March 2021	131,175

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

The Royal Yachting Association Northern Ireland is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in Northern Ireland. The registered office is Sketrick House, GE8, Jubilee Road, Newtownards, Co Down, BT23 4YH.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

Expenses include VAT where applicable as the company cannot reclaim it.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Office equipment 33.33% per annum reducing balance Training equipment 33.33% per annum reducing balance

Sailing equipment 25% per annum straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.11 Government grants

Government grants relating to turnover are recognised as income over the periods when the related costs are incurred. Grants relating to an asset are recognised in income systematically over the asset's expected useful life. If part of such a grant is deferred it is recognised as deferred income rather than being deducted from the asset's carrying amount.

1.12 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Total	5	5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Office equipment	Training equipment	Sailing equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021	17,767	25,285	31,925	74,977
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 April 2020	14,935	22,278	15,962	53,175
	Depreciation charged in the year	944	1,001	7,981	9,926
	At 31 March 2021	15,879	23,279	23,943	63,101
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2021	1,888	2,006	7,982	11,876
	At 31 March 2020	2,832	3,007	15,963	21,802
	At 31 March 2020	=====	=====	=====	=====
4	Debtors				
	Amounts falling due within one year:			2021 £	2020 £
	Other debtors				1 650
	Prepayments and accrued income			81,932	1,650 55,233
	repayments and accided income				
				81,932	56,883
5	Creditore, emerate felling due within one year				
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			2021	2020
				£	£
	Other creditors			37,590	118,673
	Curior diodricio			====	====
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one	year			
	· ·	-		2021	2020
				£	£
	Other creditors			_	7,982

7 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

8 Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS 102 Section 1A.

THE ROYAL YACHTING ASSOCIATION NORTHERN IRELAND MANAGEMENT INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

DETAILED TRADING AND INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Sport Northern Ireland grants		£	2021 £	£	2020 £
Sport Northern Ireland grants	Income				
Performance and Development income	Royal Yachting Association grants		83,900		83,150
Courses and events	Sport Northern Ireland grants		192,403		214,750
Other income 3,370 1,500 Comparison of the contraction of th	Performance and Development income		5,440		23,632
Other operating income Government grants receivable and released - 10,000 Administrative expenses Wages and salaries 150,261 160,056 Performance development officer fees 13,495 16,852 Staff pension costs defined contribution 13,767 14,368 Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 <tr< td=""><td>Courses and events</td><td></td><td>2,605</td><td></td><td>8,756</td></tr<>	Courses and events		2,605		8,756
Other operating income Government grants receivable and released - 10,000 Administrative expenses 150,261 160,056 Performance development officer fees 13,495 16,852 Staff pension costs defined contribution 13,767 14,368 Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239<	Other income		3,370		1,500
Other operating income Government grants receivable and released - 10,000 Administrative expenses 150,261 160,056 Performance development officer fees 13,495 16,852 Staff pension costs defined contribution 13,767 14,368 Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239<			287,718		331,788
Administrative expenses - 10,000 Wages and salaries 150,261 160,056 Performance development officer fees 13,495 16,852 Staff pension costs defined contribution 13,767 14,368 Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,42			•		,
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Wages and salaries 150,261 160,056 Performance development officer fees 13,495 16,852 Staff pension costs defined contribution 13,767 14,368 Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658	Government grants receivable and released		-		10,000
Wages and salaries 150,261 160,056 Performance development officer fees 13,495 16,852 Staff pension costs defined contribution 13,767 14,368 Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658	Administrative expenses				
Performance development officer fees 13,495 16,852 Staff pension costs defined contribution 13,767 14,368 Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658		150,261		160,056	
Staff pension costs defined contribution 13,767 14,368 Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658					
Staff expenses 916 8,057 Rent and rates 8,253 8,940 Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658		13,767		14,368	
Computer running costs 1,978 1,232 Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658	Staff expenses	916			
Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658	Rent and rates	8,253		8,940	
Travelling expenses 144 1,328 Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658	Computer running costs	1,978		1,232	
Professional subscriptions 59 425 Legal and professional fees 750 3,398 Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658		144		1,328	
Audit fees 3,340 2,820 Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658		59		425	
Bank charges 170 231 Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658	Legal and professional fees	750		3,398	
Printing and stationery 577 1,973 Advertising 23 1,106 Function and event costs 680 9,524 Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658	Audit fees	3,340		2,820	
Advertising Function and event costs Function and event costs Felecommunications Felecommunications Foliations	Bank charges	170		231	
Function and event costs Telecommunications Active clubs programme Sports clubs programme Performance programme Depreciation Sundry expenses 680 9,524 3,327 7,450 7,828 5,440 10,480 10,480 9,925 74,239 10,428 3,925 3,658 (278,595) (340,270	Printing and stationery	577		1,973	
Telecommunications 3,516 3,327 Active clubs programme 7,450 7,828 Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658	Advertising	23		1,106	
Active clubs programme	Function and event costs	680		9,524	
Sports clubs programme 2,440 10,480 Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658 (278,595) (340,270)	Telecommunications	3,516		3,327	
Performance programme 56,925 74,239 Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658 (278,595) (340,270)	Active clubs programme	7,450		7,828	
Depreciation 9,926 10,428 Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658 (278,595) (340,270	Sports clubs programme	2,440		10,480	
Sundry expenses 3,925 3,658 (278,595) (340,270	Performance programme	56,925		74,239	
(278,595) (340,270	Depreciation	9,926		10,428	
	Sundry expenses	3,925		3,658	
Operating surplus 9 123 1 518			(278,595)		(340,270)
——————————————————————————————————————	Operating surplus		9,123		1,518